Best Practices for Successful Reentry for People with an Opioid Addiction
Speakers

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Overview

• Introductions
• The Opioid Epidemic
• Overview of Best Practices for Reentry for People with an Opioid Addiction
• Questions and Answers
The Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA), a component of the Department of Justice’s Office of Justice Programs, provides leadership and services in grants administration and criminal justice policy development to state, local, and tribal jurisdictions. Specifically, BJA provides funding to support law enforcement, combat violent and drug-related crime, and combat victimization. Through the development and implementation of policy, services, and sound grants management, BJA strengthens the nation’s criminal justice system and restores security in communities.

To learn more, visit https://www.bja.gov or follow us on Facebook (https://www.facebook.com/DOJBJA/) and Twitter (@DOJBJA).
National **nonprofit, nonpartisan** membership association of state government officials

Represents **all three** branches of state government

Provides **practical** advice informed by the best available evidence
• Authorized by the passage of the Second Chance Act in April 2008
• Launched by the Council of State Governments in October 2009
• Administered in partnership with the Bureau of Justice Assistance, U.S. Department of Justice
• The NRRC has provided technical assistance to over 600 juvenile and adult reentry grantees since inception
Funding and Training Opportunities

Visit the Funding and Training Opportunities page to see a list of open solicitations, including those for Second Chance Act (SCA) and Justice and Mental Health Collaboration Program (JMHCP) grants. SCA funding supports state, local, and tribal governments and nonprofit organizations in their work to reduce recidivism and improve outcomes for people returning from state and federal prisons, local jails, and juvenile facilities. JMHCP funding helps states, local government, and tribal organizations improve their responses to people with mental disorders who are...
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THE OPIOID EPIDEMIC BY THE NUMBERS

IN 2016...

- **116** People died every day from opioid-related drug overdoses
- **11.5 m** People misused prescription opioids

- **42,249** People died from overdosing on opioids
- **2.1 million** People had an opioid use disorder
- **948,000** People used heroin

- **170,000** People used heroin for the first time
- **2.1 million** People misused prescription opioids for the first time
- **17,087** Deaths attributed to overdosing on commonly prescribed opioids

- **19,413** Deaths attributed to overdosing on synthetic opioids other than methadone
- **15,469** Deaths attributed to overdosing on heroin
- **504 billion** In economic costs

Sources: 
The Opioid Epidemic

Nearly 80% of heroin users reported misusing prescription opioids prior to heroin.

More than 9 in 10 people who used heroin also used at least one other drug.

45% of people who used heroin were also addicted to prescription opioid painkillers.

Provisional Counts Of Drug Overdose Deaths, as of 8/6/2017
Overdose Deaths Involving Opioids, by Type of Opioid, United States, 2000-2016

- Any Opioid
- Other Synthetic Opioids (e.g., fentanyl, tramadol)
- Heroin
- Natural & Semi-Synthetic Opioids (e.g., oxycodone, hydrocodone)
- Methadone

The Opioid Epidemic and Women

• In just one decade, deaths from prescription pain killers (opioids) rose by more than 400% among women. (CDC, 2013)

• Every 3 minutes, a woman goes to the emergency room for prescription painkiller misuse. (CDC, 2013)

• The number of drug overdose deaths has never been higher, and the majority of these deaths (more than 6 out of 10 in 2014) involved opioids. (CDC, 2015d)

• At least half of opioid deaths involve a prescription opioid. When pregnant women use opiates, the fetus can also become dependent on them. (CDC, 2016d)
The Opioid Epidemic and the Criminal Justice System

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of drug</th>
<th>State prisoners</th>
<th>Sentenced jail inmates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Any drug&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>42.0%</td>
<td>37.2%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marijuana/hashish</td>
<td>22.4</td>
<td>18.9</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cocaine/crack</td>
<td>15.8</td>
<td>13.3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Heroin/opiates</td>
<td>6.8</td>
<td>7.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depressants&lt;sup&gt;b&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>5.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stimulants&lt;sup&gt;c&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>10.8</td>
<td>8.0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Methamphetamine</td>
<td>9.7</td>
<td>7.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hallucinogens&lt;sup&gt;d&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<td>4.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalants</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Opioid Epidemic and the Criminal Justice System

• In Washington state, opioids were detected in nearly 15 percent of all deaths over a 10-year period among those released. Within the first two weeks after release, the risk of death was 129 times that of other state residents. (Binswanger et al 2013; Binswanger et al 2007)

• In Connecticut, 52 percent of people who died from a drug overdose in 2016 had at some point been incarcerated in jail or prison. (Maurer 2018)
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Reentry Best Practices

• Planning and Coordination
• Behavioral Health Treatment and Cognitive Interventions
• Probation and Parole
• Recovery Support Services, Housing, and Other Supports in the Community
Planning and Coordination

- Screening for an opioid addiction
- Withdrawal management processes
- Assessment of people who have screened positive for an opioid addiction
Planning and Coordination

- Collaborative comprehensive case plan for reentry
- In-reach by community-based behavioral health treatment provider and community supervision into the correctional facility
- Relapse prevention plan developed prior to release from the correctional facility
Planning and Coordination

• Distribution of materials on overdose prevention, including distribution of naloxone when possible

• Sharing of information from the drug screen, assessment, and treatment updates
Behavioral Health Treatment and Cognitive Interventions

- Access to medication-assisted treatment
- Individual and group counseling
- Cognitive behavioral interventions in the correctional facility to address criminogenic risk and need factors
- Ensuring continuity of treatment from corrections to the community, including MAT, when possible
Probation and Parole

• Training for all probation and parole officers on opioid addiction
• Specialized probation and parole caseloads for people with co-occurring substance addiction and mental illnesses disorders, including opioid addiction caseloads when possible
Recovery Support Services, Housing and Other Supports in the Community

• Recovery support services
• Safe and stable housing established in the community
• Rapid response teams (RRT)
• Use of peer recovery support to assist with the reentry process
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Resources

- The SAMSHA Opioid Treatment Program Directory
- The American Society of Addiction Medicine Physician Finder
- The SAMHSA Buprenorphine Treatment Physician Locator
- SAMHSA TIP 63: Medications for Opioid Use Disorders
- The ASAM National Practice Guidelines for the Use of Medications in the Treatment of Addiction Involving Opioid Use
- Opioid Addiction Screening and Assessment for People in the Criminal Justice System
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